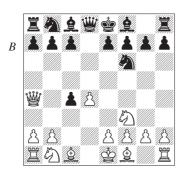
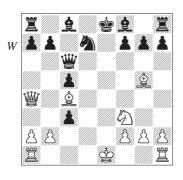
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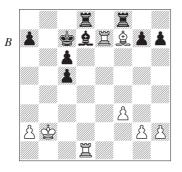
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74a: after 4 \(\mathbb{\psi}\)a4+



74b: after 11... 營c6



74c: after 21 f3

Trap 74 – Embarrassment at Oakham

In Trap 54 above, we saw an example of a young Soviet player catching a Western opponent with some old analysis the latter was unaware of. This next example, however, sees the reverse happening. The starting point is a game in the USSR Championship of 1960.

Taimanov – Polugaevsky USSR Ch (Leningrad) 1960

1 d4 d5 2 c4 dxc4 3 句f3 句f6 4 豐a4+ (74a) 4...句bd7?! 5 句c3 e6 6 e4 c5 7 d5 exd5 8 e5 d4 9 ゑxc4 dxc3 10 exf6 豐xf6 11 ゑg5 豐c6 (74b) 12 0-0-0!!

One of the classic games from Soviet Championship history. Imagine, then, the embarrassment the young Boris Gelfand must have felt when he stumbled into the black side of the same line against Garcia Palermo at the Oakham Junior International in 1988! Gelfand chose a different defence at move 12, but to no avail:

12... **2e7** 13 **** 2xc6 bxc6** 14 **2xe7 cxb2+** 15 *** 2xb2 * 2xe7** 16 **Zhe1+ 3d8** 17 **2e5 3c7** 18 **2xd7 2xd7** 19 **Ze7 Zad8** 20 **2xf7 Zhf8** 21 f3 (74c) 1-0

Trap 75 – A Trap with Many Faces

This next trap is an excellent example of a theme which crops up in more than one opening. It is probably also the most embarrassing defeat ever suffered by IM and ex-British Champion Paul Littlewood – sorry Paul!

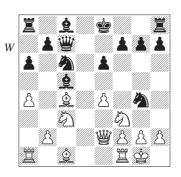
P.Littlewood – Penrose British Ch (Chester) 1979

1 d4 d5 2 c4 dxc4 3 \$\overline{0}\$f3 \$\overline{0}\$f6 4 e3 e6 5 \$\overline{x}\$xc4 c5 6 0-0 a6 7 a4 \$\overline{0}\$c6 8 \$\overline{w}\$e2 \$\overline{w}\$c7 9 \$\overline{0}\$c3 \$\overline{0}\$d6 10 dxc5 \$\overline{x}\$xc5 11 e4 \$\overline{0}\$g4 (75a) 12 h3?? \$\overline{0}\$d4 0-1

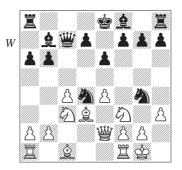
If it is any comfort to Paul (which I doubt!), I found four other examples of White falling for this same tactic in the QGA. Instead of this disaster, White should play 12 g3, when the position is approximately equal after 12...0-0 13 ♠f4 e5, etc.

As well as occurring in other lines of the QGA, there are other, completely different settings of this tactic, for example the Sicilian Paulsen: 1 e4 c5 2 包f3 e6 3 d4 cxd4 4 包xd4 a6 5 包d3 營c7 6 c4 包f6 7 包c3 包c6 8 包f3 b6 9 營e2 息b7 10 0-0 包g4 11 h3?? 包d4 (75b), etc.

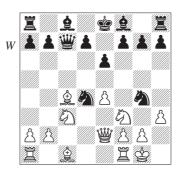
Also an anti-Morra Gambit line which was developed by a number of Siberian players, and has therefore become known as the 'Siberian Trap'. 1 e4 c5 2 d4 cxd4 3 c3 dxc3 4 公xc3 公c6 5 公f3 e6 6 全c4 豐c7 7 豐e2 公f6 8 0-0?! 公g4! and now, e.g. 9 h3?? 公d4 (75c), etc.



75a: after 11... ②g4



75b: after 11...©d4



75c: after 9... 2d4